Taquanta Enhanced Income Fund

Factsheet



July 2025

Fund Objective

The objective of the Enhanced Income Fund is to generate returns well in excess of a typical core cash fund. This fund is best suited for investors looking for enhanced cash returns with low capital risk and low liquidity requirements.

Investment Strategy

Employs a conservative approach to enhance yields through extracting the liquidity risk premium in longer dated and less liquid debt instruments, as well as a marginal increased exposure to credit assets. Our fundamental credit review process is robust, combining qualitative and quantitative analysis, overlaid with institutional memory to question convention, operating within a strong risk and compliance framework. Our portfolio construction process builds a well-diversified fund targeting 30+ counterparties to further diversify risks

Fund Details

Risk Profile: Low Mid High

Portfolio Manager: Taquanta Asset Managers

Currency: ZAR
Fund Size: R8.9 bn

Inception date: October 2013

Target Return:STeFI Composite (Cash) +2%

Minimum Rating: BBB- (at time of purchase)

Max offshore exposure: 30% (Hedged to Rands)

Notice Period: 90 Days

Maturity Limit: 7 years

Modified Duration: <0.25 Years

No. of Counterparties: >30

Fund Performance

Period (naca)	Fund Return	Fund Target	CPI +3%
1 month	0,8%	0,8%	0,5%
3 months	2,5%	2,4%	1,5%
6 months	5,1%	4,7%	3,9%
1 year	10,2%	10,0%	6,0%
2 years p.a.	10,0%	10,3%	7,0%
3 years p.a.	10,2%	9,9%	7,5%
5 years p.a.	9,5%	8,3%	8,1%
3yr volatility	0,6%	0,2%	1,3%

Source: Taquanta Asset Managers

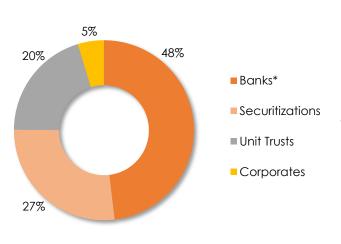
Top 5 Credit Exposures

Issuer Name	% Exposure	
Standard Bank of South Africa	15%	
Nedbank Limited	10%	
ABSA Bank Limited	6%	
Firstrand Bank Limited	5%	
BNP Paribas	5%	
Source: Taguanta Arret Manager		

Source: Taquanta Asset Managers excluding unit trust exposure

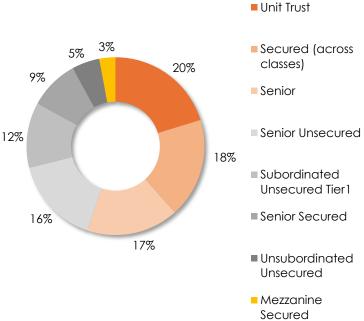
Issuer Type

Capital Ranking



*Includes 30% in Credit-linked Notes, which are bank issued notes referencing other entities.

Source: Taquanta Asset Managers (Pty) Ltd



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Fund Outlook

The fund continues to maintain a low duration strategy, complemented by a moderate approach to maturity and liquidity positioning. In the current environment, where asset supply remains constrained, the fund is well positioned to access opportunities across public, private, and structured credit segments. Strong investor demand continues to exert pressure on issue spreads, which are consistently clearing at the lower end of guidance. This dynamic, combined with compressed credit spreads and elevated local and global macroeconomic uncertainty, reinforces the need for a prudent approach to credit and liquidity risk management.

Market Commentary

The South African rand ended July broadly unchanged, trading at 17.9825 against the U.S. dollar—its weakest level in over a month—as markets awaited the South African Reserve Bank's (SARB) policy decision. However, the currency came under sustained pressure in the final week of the month, briefly breaching the 18.00/USD level for the first time since June 20. This volatility was largely driven by investor anxiety surrounding the August 1 deadline for new U.S. import tariffs and ongoing trade negotiations between South Africa and the United States.

In a widely anticipated move, the SARB cut its benchmark interest rate by 25 basis points to 7.00% on July 31, marking the lowest policy rate since November 2022. The Monetary Policy Committee cited persistent global uncertainty and downside risks to domestic growth as key considerations. The rate cut was seen as a pre-emptive step to support an economy already grappling with weak consumer demand, soft business confidence, and mounting external pressures—including the potential imposition of U.S. tariffs on South African exports. Policymakers noted that while global trade tensions remain unresolved, monetary flexibility is essential to safeguard macroeconomic stability.

A parallel development in inflation policy added a layer of complexity to the central bank's messaging. While headline inflation remained well contained to 3.0% in June from 2.8% in May—the SARB reiterated its long-term preference for a lower inflation target, a position echoed by Governor Lesetja Kganyago. The finance minister responded by stating that while progress is being made toward adjusting the target, such a shift should be approached cautiously and with a broad consensus. Market participants interpreted these comments as a positive signal for inflation discipline, contributing to a rally in government bonds and a moderation in long-end yields.

The June inflation data showed modest upward pressure in several key categories. Price growth was driven by food and non-alcoholic beverages, alcohol and tobacco, healthcare, information and communication, and services such as accommodation and personal care. In contrast, inflation in housing, furnishings, and transport remained subdued. On a month-to-month basis, CPI rose 0.3%, slightly up from 0.2% in May. Core inflation eased marginally to 2.9%, its lowest reading since April 2021—suggesting underlying inflation remains well anchored, though external risks could quickly alter this trajectory.

International Developments

In the U.S., the Federal Reserve held its policy rate steady at 4.25%–4.50% for a fifth consecutive meeting. The decision revealed internal divisions, with two Trump-appointed governors dissenting in favor of a rate cut. The Fed noted that while inflation remains above target, labor market conditions are healthy, and economic activity is expanding at a moderate pace. The latest U.S. core CPI reading showed an annual increase of 2.9% in June, up slightly from 2.8% in May and just below consensus expectations. Notable upward contributions included shelter, healthcare, motor vehicle insurance, and household operations.

Bilateral tensions between South Africa and the U.S. escalated further after the U.S. House Foreign Affairs Committee advanced the "U.S.-South Africa Bilateral Relations Review Act"—a bill seeking to re-evaluate diplomatic and economic ties with South Africa. The legislation cites South Africa's engagement with Russia and China, and its alleged support for Hamas, as grounds for potential sanctions against government officials. Although the bill still requires full congressional approval, its advancement highlights growing strain between Washington and Pretoria. Adding to the uncertainty, President Trump announced he may not attend the G20 summit in South Africa in November, citing dissatisfaction with the country's foreign policy stance.

Domestic Policy and Fiscal Updates

To stabilize key state-owned entities, the South African government approved R94.8 billion in guarantees for Transnet SOC Ltd. Of this, R48.6 billion will be used to cover debt redemptions over a five-year horizon, while R46.2 billion is earmarked to cushion the entity from potential credit rating downgrades. The move underscores the government's continued fiscal burden in propping up critical infrastructure operators, even as budget constraints tighten.

Meanwhile, the African Development Bank revised South Africa's 2025 GDP growth forecast downward to just 0.8%—a sharp cut from the previous 1.6% projection. The downgrade reflects the compounding effects of sluggish reform implementation, high unemployment, and vulnerability to external shocks, particularly those emanating from U.S. trade policy shifts. The report emphasized that without meaningful structural reforms, especially in logistics, energy, and regulatory efficiency, the economy is likely to remain trapped in a low-growth cycle.

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	Taquanta				
Category Description	Cat I Advice	Cat I Intermediary	Cat II discretionary Intermediary	Cat IIA Hedge Fund FSP	
Long-Term Insurance subcategory B1					
Long-term insurance subcategory B2					
Long-term Insurance subcategory B2-A					
ong-term Insurance subcategory B1-A					
ong-Term Insurance subcategory C	Х	X	Х		
Retail Pension Benefits					
Pension Funds Benefits					
hares	Х	X	Х		
Money market instruments	Х	X	X		
Debentures and securitised debt	Х	X	x		
Varrants, certificates and other instruments	Х	X	Х		
Bonds	Х	X	X		
Derivative instruments	Х	X	x		
Participatory interests in CIS's	Х	X	x		
articipatory interest in a Hedge Fund			X	X	
ong-term Deposits	Х	Х	Х		
Short-term Deposits	X	Х	Х		
itructured Deposits			Х	X	
securities and instruments					
General Category IIA experience				Х	

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